The Human Reproductive System

*Label the diagrams below, using the following terms*

Scrotum Uterus Testes Ovary Sperm duct Urethra

Female Gland Bladder Vagina Penis Oviduct Cervix Male

The \_\_\_\_\_\_ reproductive system

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reproductive system

**Human Reproductive System – Definitions**

*Match the following terms to their correct definitions*

Uterus Scrotum Cervix Testes

Ovary Sperm Ovum Oviduct

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | Sometimes called the *womb* – if an egg is fertilises it will *implant* in the wall of the uterus and develop into a foetus |
|  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | The opening or ‘neck’ of the uterus at the top of the vagina |
|  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Connects the cervix to the outside of the body – the sperm is deposited here during sex |
|  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | The female sex cell – sometimes called the ‘egg’ |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | After puberty, an egg or ovum is released from here once every 28 days or so |
|  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Carries the ovum from the ovary to the uterus – the egg is fertilised here |
|  |
|  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | The male sex cell – it is adapted to swim from the vagina to the egg |
|  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | After puberty, these make sperm continuously |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | A sac of skin which hold the testes |

Outline the route taken from the testes by the sperm as it leaves the body:

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